PATENT SPECIFICATION



Date of Application and filing Complete Specification June 20, 1955.

No. 17742/55.

Application made in United States of America on Aug. 13, 1954. Complete Specification Published Sept. 3, 1958.

Index at acceptance: -Class 81(1), B3.

International Classification: -A61k.

COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

Improvements in or relating to Pills or Tablets

We, Sterling Drug Inc., a corporation organized and existing under the laws of the State of Delaware, United States of America, of 1450 Broadway, New York, State of New York, United States of America, do hereby declare the invention, for which we pray that a patent may be granted to us, and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following state-

This invention relates to a multi-layered pill or tablet particularly adapted for medicinal use and having a medicinal core and an intervening taste-indicating alarm layer or lamination, 15 said indicating lamination having an outer medicinal layer which is soluble in the patient's mouth, to the end that the pill is held by the patient for absorption of the outer layer until the taste-indicating layer is exposed, the 20 taste-indicating layer serving as an indication to the patient to swallow the tablet to obtain the benefits of gastro-intestinal absorption of the medicament within the pill or tablet; and the provision of a pill or tablet as above described including a plurality of layers, so that different or succeeding spaced dosages may be administered, the core being covered

layers may each be covered enterically. Further objects of the invention include the provision of the alarm layer at the exterior of the tablet, so that when the alarm sensation 35 ceases, the signal is thus given; the alarm material being mixed in with a medicament either at the exterior of the tablet or in an

by an enteric coating, and in the event that a plurality of layers of medicament are provided

30 within the taste-indicating layer, such multiple

inner layer.

Other objects and advantages of the inven-40 tion will appear hereinafter.

Reference is to be had to the accompanying

drawings, in which:-Fig. 1 is a cross section through a pill or tablet made according to the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a modification thereof.

The present invention provides a means for dosing a patient with at least two separate medicaments, one of which is to be absorbed in the mouth and the other in the gastro-intestinal tract, with a definite period for the absorption of the orally applied medicament, so that the patient will not tend to hold the pill or tablet for too long or too short a time in the mouth and also providing a means for avoiding variation of the oral dosage due to lack of or more vigorous sucking on the tablet than might otherwise be the case.

To this end, the tablet is provided with an outer, medicinal coating 10 which is readily dissolved in the mouth, and directly under this layer there is a "signal" or "alarm" layer 12, so that the patient will know at once when the outer layer is gone and that the time has come

to swallow the pill or tablet.

The "signal" or "alarm" layer 12 might be a taste-indicating layer, e.g., sodium chloride or quinine, or it might be of a substance which does not have a distinctive flavor but a different consistency from the outer layer 10, so that a signal is given the patient.

In other words, the tablet is intended to be retained by the patient in his mouth for absorption of the outer layer 10 which is a medicament, until the taste-indicating layer 12 is exposed. This serves as a signal for the patient to swallow the tablet.

Alternatively, the outermost layer may be the taste signal and oral medicament layer, which when gone, gives the signal to the patient to swallow the pill.

Reference numeral 14 indicates a medicament which will be dissolved in the gastrointestinal tract after the taste-indicating layer is dissolved. Alternatively, there may be an enteric layer 16 intervening between the medicament 14 and taste-indicating layer 12 in order to provide a definite time of reception of the tablet in the stomach or other part of the body prior to release of the medicament 14. In this case, the layer 16 will be an enteric

layer as well known in the art, and may be of The ingredients were screened to 30 mesh, a thickness to release the contained medicine mixed, slugged, ground to 12 mesh, and at a definite point in the travel of the pill pressed into tablets using a 13/32" concave through the gastro-intestinal tract. punch. The resulting tablets were given three The invention may of course be continued coats of shellac, dusted with talc, and then an to provide other layers of medicament, enteric alarm layer was applied using an orange flavor 70 coatings, 18, and finally the core 20 of the in the same manner as in Example 1. final dosage to be given the patient. Thereafter the tablets were sugar-coated The invention is further illustrated by the with 70% sucrose solution and then dusted 10 following examples without, however, being after moistening with 10% gelatin until by limited thereto:assay the tablets contained a therapeutic dose 75 Example 1 of nitroglycerine. The nitroglycerine, being a Tablets for the relief of asthma in which the prompt action of N-isopropylarterenol detonation-sensitive liquid, is dusted safely as in the form of a 10% admixture on an inert 15 and the delayed action of theophyllin and bensolid diluent such as lactose. Thereafter the zylephedrine could be obtained were prepared tablets were sugar-coated and polished with 80 as follows:carnauba wax in conventional manner. A medicament core was prepared in the following manner: The following ingredients Instead of orange flavor and citric acid as the alarm component, other alarm components were weighed out separately, screened to 30 also used included mint, licorice and lemon mesh, and mixed:-Benzylephedrine 32.4 parts Instead of providing the alarm as a layer Theophyllin 129.6 between the outer medicament layer and the Phenobarbital 8.1 core, the alarm may be mixed throughout the 22 25 Starch _ 38.8 outer medicament layer, so that then the dis-,, Talc appearance of the alarm sensation serves as a 14.5 33 Stearic acid -2.3 signal for the patient to swallow the tablet. 33 This is shown in Fig. 2 wherein 22 indicates Magnesium stearate -0.9 All parts by weight. the core of medicament, 24 an interposed 30 The mixture was slugged, screened to 12 mesh, and pressed on a */16" concave tablet layer of medicament or coating, and 26 the outermost layer which is a medicated layer con- 95 punch machine. The core was completed by taining the alarm material in mixture thereapplying three coats of shellac and talc. with. In this case, the disappearance of the An alarm mixture was prepared from the alarm sensation signals the patient to swallow 35 following ingredients: the tablet, whereas if the alarm layer is Citric acid 5 parts interior, as at 12, the appearance is the signal. 100 Orange flavor -Also, of course, the interior signal layer 12 can Sucrose - - - -- 530 be mixed with a medicament, and in this inven-This mixture was applied as a dusting tion it is to be understood that the term 40 powder to the tablets moistened with 10% "signal" or "alarm" layer may include medigelatin/30% sucrose aqueous syrup. cament or not as circumstances call for. 105 Then a mixture of N-isopropylarterenol WHAT WE CLAIM IS:-(125 parts), sodium metabisulfite (30 parts), 1. A pill or tablet comprising an inner medicament layer or core, an outer mouth-soluble and talcum (125 parts) in 10% gelatin/30% sucrose aqueous syrup was applied to the and absorbable medicament layer, and material tablets by tumbling. in the pill providing a signal to the tongue 110 Finally, the tablets were coated with 70% when the outer medicament layer has been sucrose aqueous syrup until the tablets were dissolved in the mouth. smooth and well-covered, after which they 2. A pill or tablet according to Claim 1, in which the signal material is provided in a were finished with a carnauba wax solution in separate layer between the medicament layers. 115 conventional manner. 3. A pill or tablet according to Claim 2, in Example 2 which the inner medicament layer or core is Tablets for the relief of angina by combinsurrounded by an enteric coating. 4. A pill or tablet according to Claim 1, in ing the prompt action of nitroglycerine with the more delayed action of pentaerithrytol which the signal material is incorporated in 120 tetranitrate were prepared in the following the outer medicament layer. manner: 5. A pill or tablet according to any one of The following ingredients were weighed the preceding claims, in which the signal material is adapted to perform its function as a result of its taste being different from that 125 2800 parts Pentaerithrytol tetranitrate -Starch 500 of the adjacent layer. 22 Dicalcium phosphate -914

22

100

Alginic acid -

Stearic acid -

6. A pill or tablet according to any one of

Claims 1-4, in which the signal material is

adapted to perform its function as a result of

its consistency being different from that of the adjacent layer.

7. The pills or tablets substantially as here-inbefore described with reference to and as illustrated in Figs. 1 and 2 of the accompanying drawings.

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Leamington Spa: Printed for Her Majesty's Stationery Office, by the Courier Press,—1958. Published at the Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, London, W.C.2, from which copies may be "ained.

800,973 COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

1 SHEET This drawing is a reproduction of

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